

Advocacy Fund

Annual Financial Report
for the year ended 30 June 2021



Table of contents

DIRECTORS' REPORT	4
LEAD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION	10
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	12
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	12
Statement of Financial Position	13
Statement of Changes in Equity	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	17
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION	38
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	40

Directors' Report

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2021

The Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited, the "Responsible Entity" of the Australian Ethical Advocacy Fund ("the Scheme") present the Directors' report together with the financial report of the Scheme for the year ended 30 June 2021 and the accompanying independent auditor's report.

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY

Australian Ethical Investment Limited (ABN 47 003 188 930) serves as the Responsible Entity for the Scheme. The registered office and principal place of business for the Responsible Entity is:

Registered office:

Boardroom Pty Limited
Grosvenor Place
Level 12, 225 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000

Principal place of business is:

Level 8, 124 - 130 Pitt Street
Sydney, NSW 2000

The following persons were Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited (AEIL) during the period under review and up to the date of this report unless otherwise indicated:

- John McMurdo, Managing Director and CEO
- Kate Greenhill
- Stephen Gibbs
- Mara Bun
- Michael Monaghan
- Julie Orr

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND STATE OF AFFAIRS

The principal activity of the Scheme is to pool investors' savings to invest in a diversified portfolio of securities, in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the current Product Disclosure Statement and within the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution. The Constitution of the Scheme authorises investments in listed Australian equities, managed investment schemes and derivatives. This is achieved through investment in the Australian Ethical Diversified Shares Fund. Investments are sought to pursue the goal of a just and sustainable society and the protection of the natural environment as well as providing unitholders (the Scheme's investors) with a competitive financial return.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Scheme's principal activities during the period and there were no significant changes in the Scheme's state of affairs, except those highlighted in the review of operations.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The operational challenges that Australian Ethical has faced are negligible compared to the heavy human, social and economic toll that is being wrought worldwide by the pandemic. As an organisation we extend our sympathies to all those who have been affected, and our gratitude to those on the frontline.

Despite the lockdowns that reverberate across the country, our business has proven to be exceptionally resilient by delivering outperformance for investors, members and shareholders despite the ongoing volatility and uncertainty.

The Responsible Entity continues to monitor the COVID situation and our employees' wellbeing remains front of mind. This includes their day-to-day health and safety as well as their ongoing mental health. The business has strict COVID-safe practices in place and has implemented creative ways to stay connected. Our unique culture has helped us withstand the considerable upheaval, and our pre-pandemic flexible working policy has meant employees have been able to choose a working arrangement that suits their individual circumstances.

As a result of these measures, and a robust crisis management plan, we have continued to operate effectively with minimal disruption to business-as-usual operations.

The Scheme's liquid assets are valued daily at fair value based on a market price where the security is traded on a properly regulated market. The liquid asset classes (e.g. unlisted unit trusts and cash) are the primary source of liquidity to meet the redemption, distribution and expense obligations of the Scheme. At all times during the period, requests for redemptions have been met through available cash or via the sale of liquid investments at fair value.

Overview

The investments of the Scheme are consistent with those set out in the Scheme's Product Disclosure Statement dated 2 October 2018.

Results

Total return is the percentage change of a unitholder's financial interest in the Scheme assuming all distributions are reinvested in the Scheme. These returns are calculated in accordance with FSC Standard 6 Product Performance Calculation of Return. The Scheme achieved the following total returns for the year:

- Retail class 30.32% (2020: -4.97%); and
- Wholesale class 31.49% (2020: -4.05%).

Distributions paid and/or payable

Distributions paid and/or payable by the Scheme during the year are shown in the accompanying Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

As per Note 11 the Scheme paid interim distributions to the classes as follows:

- Retail class of 0.57 (December 2019: 0.69) cents per unit;
- Wholesale class of 1.32 (December 2019: 1.49) cents per unit; and
- Zero class of 2.04 (December 2019: 2.21) cents per unit.

The year end distributions payable are as follows:

- Retail class of 6.29 (June 2020: 0.33) cents per unit;
- Wholesale class of 7.63 (June 2020: 1.31) cents per unit; and
- Zero class of 8.77 (June 2020: 2.31) cents per unit.

An interim distribution of \$1,788,151 was paid in January 2021 and a final distribution of \$8,992,382 was paid in July 2021.

The prior year final distribution of \$1,903,120 was paid in July 2020.

Net assets

The value of the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders as at 30 June 2021 was \$235,681,950 (30 June 2020: \$165,045,519).

Fees

Responsible Entity fees per annum charged for the year were as follows:

- 1.90% for the retail class reduced to 1.39% effective 1 June 2021 (2020: 1.90%);
- 0.95% for the wholesale class (2020: 0.95%); and
- Nil for the zero class (2020: Nil).

Climate change

For more than 30 years, Australian Ethical has been investing to protect our planet. During these three decades, the scientists with the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) have been issuing major reports about the state of the climate, gradually expressing more certainty about what is happening and why.

The latest report, released on 9 August 2021, confirmed what we expected: "It is unequivocal that human influence has warmed the atmosphere, ocean and land. Widespread and rapid changes in the atmosphere, ocean, cryosphere and biosphere have occurred."

In other words, the climate crisis is not just a threat to future generations; it is a threat that we are already feeling the consequences of today. If we continue the current global trajectory, the crisis will only worsen, deepening the impact of irreversible changes to our world.

The principal direct impact of climate change on the Scheme is its impact on the direct and indirect investment portfolio. The prospects and value of the businesses we invest in are exposed to risks and opportunities flowing from the many effects of climate change.

Physical impacts like sea level rise and extreme weather are already changing where and how buildings and infrastructure can be safely built. Changes in temperature and rainfall are affecting the productivity and viability of different types of agriculture.

Achieving the Paris goals of limiting the increase in the global average temperature to below 2°C above pre-industrial levels, and then to 1.5°C, is essential, but not easy. It will require a complete transformation of the way the world produces and consumes energy, as well as radical measures to cut emissions from other key sources such as transport, construction, land use and agriculture. It will also require ambitious climate policies from governments.

We identify, assess, and manage material climate-related investment risks through our ethical investment process. All investments are screened according to the 23 principles of our Ethical Charter which is embedded in our Constitution. Our investment screening and company engagement guides us to sectors and companies which are aligning their businesses with the transition needed to limit global warming to 1.5 degrees. These companies are better positioned to manage many climate-related risks, such as the risk of introduction or increase in carbon pricing. However, the effects of climate change will be felt across the economy and society. Higher global warming threatens to disrupt trade and financial markets and carries significant risk of loss to all managed investment schemes.

Our ethics research team monitors existing and emerging climate-related risks using diverse information sources. The team monitors developments in:

- scientific understanding of the rate and impacts of global warming;
- domestic and international climate policy and regulation;
- technological innovation in climate mitigation and adaptation.

Our ethical screening and engagement approach focuses on the need to reduce emissions to limit dangerous climate change, but also recognises it is crucial that companies have business models and strategies which are adaptable to the physical impacts of current and future climate change.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Our ethical research defines our sustainable investment universe, guiding us to companies better positioned to manage many risks arising from a transition to net zero emissions. Our ethical assessment of the climate impacts of companies and industry sectors and their products and services can also assist us in identifying climate-related financial risks and opportunities and feed into our buy, sell and portfolio management decisions. For example, company prospects and valuations in the energy sector may be affected by our assessment of the future regulatory environment for the sector.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The Responsible Entity continually reviews the Scheme and depending on that review may, during the course of the financial year, make decisions to change the offerings of products to investors.

From 1 October 2021, the Scheme will be renamed as the Australian Ethical High Growth Fund. There will also be some changes to the Scheme's investment strategy, most notably that the Scheme will start to invest in additional growth assets such as alternatives and unlisted property. The Scheme will continue to be classified as high growth and its risk/return profile remains unchanged.

The retail class fee was reduced on 1 June 2021 and the wholesale class fee will reduce to 0.90% from 1 October 2021. The Responsible Entity's advocacy work will continue at a corporate level.

EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

As the investments in the Scheme are measured at their 30 June 2021 fair values in the financial report, any volatility in values subsequent to the balance date is not reflected in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income or the Statement of Financial Position. However, the current value of investments is reflected in the current unit price.

During the period between the end of the financial year and the date of this report, there were no items, transactions, or events of a material and unusual nature likely in the opinion of the Responsible Entity, to significantly affect the operations of the Scheme, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Scheme in future financial years.

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE PREMIUMS FOR THE RESPONSIBLE ENTITY AND AUDITOR

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Scheme for insurance cover provided to the Responsible Entity, its officers or auditor of the Scheme. Where the Responsible Entity acts in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and the law, it is generally entitled to an indemnity out of the assets of the Scheme against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Scheme. The auditor of the Scheme is not indemnified out of the assets of the Scheme.

ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The Scheme is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to 'rounding off'. Amounts in this report have been rounded off in accordance with that Corporations Instrument to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES.

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Scheme assets is shown in Note 14 of the attached financial statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The operations of the Scheme are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation.

AUDITOR'S DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration is included on page 10 of the annual report and forms part of the Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited.



John McMurdo
Managing Director
Australian Ethical Investment Limited
21 September 2021

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity
for the Australian Ethical Advocacy Fund:

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Australian Ethical
Advocacy Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

The KPMG logo, consisting of the letters 'KPMG' in a bold, blue, sans-serif font, with a stylized graphic of four vertical bars of varying heights to the left of the text.

KPMG

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'A. R.', followed by a horizontal line.

Andrew Reeves
Partner

Sydney
21 September 2021

Financial Statements

Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest	2	-	1
Dividends	3	12,126	4,223
Net change in fair value of financial assets	4	44,445	(10,403)
Net investment income		56,571	(6,179)
Operating expenses			
Management fees	14	530	470
Operating expenses before finance costs		530	470
Profit/(loss) from operating activities		56,041	(6,649)
Finance costs			
Distributions paid and payable to unitholders of the Scheme	11	(10,780)	(3,757)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders (total comprehensive income)	6	45,261	(10,406)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	421	196
Receivables	8	10,575	2,180
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	9	233,689	164,579
Total assets		244,685	166,955
Liabilities			
Payables	10	11	6
Distribution payable	11	8,992	1,903
Total liabilities		9,003	1,909
Net assets attributable to unitholders	6	235,682	165,046
Represented by:			
Net assets attributable to unitholders at net asset value price		244,791	167,032
Distribution payable to unitholders of the Scheme		(8,992)	(1,903)
Adjustments arising from different unit pricing and accounting valuation		(117)	(83)
Total net assets attributable to unitholders	6	235,682	165,046

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 June 2021

The Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability under AASB 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'. As such the Scheme has no equity and no items of changes in equity at the start and end of the year.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		-	2
Management fees paid		(529)	(470)
Net cash provided by operating activities	13	(529)	(468)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of investments		3,590	6,930
Purchase of investments		(24,520)	(14,930)
Net cash used in investing activities		(20,930)	8,000
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of units		32,011	24,090
Payments for redemption of units		(10,116)	(15,222)
Distributions paid to unitholders		(211)	(403)
Net cash provided by financing activities		21,684	8,465
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		225	(3)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		196	199
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	7	421	196

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2021

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

REPORTING ENTITY

The Australian Ethical Advocacy Fund ("the Scheme"), a for-profit entity, is a registered managed investment scheme under the Corporations Act 2001. The Scheme was constituted on 18 November 2009 and will terminate on 17 November 2089 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution. The Scheme is domiciled in Australia. The financial statements of the Scheme are for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial statements of the Scheme complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the functional currency and are prepared on a fair value basis with financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss and derivatives measured at fair value, with the exception of receivables and payables which are measured at cost.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The Statement of Financial Position is prepared on a liquidity basis. All balances including investments are readily converted to cash.

ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Scheme's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Scheme and are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Refer to Note 15(g) Financial risk management and financial instruments - fair values, which contains information about estimation of fair values of financial instruments.

Refer to Note 16 Investment in unconsolidated structured entities which contains information about judgements made in relation to whether the Scheme meets the definition of an investment entity.

Management have considered the impact from the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on the financial statements. The areas considered as being potentially affected were the assumptions within our market risk disclosures and the valuation of financial assets. Despite the volatility in markets during the year, the Scheme has experienced growth with net inflows and strong investment performance.

The fair value management principles applied to the asset valuations include impacts from the pandemic and are consistent with the 30 June 2020 annual financial report. The Scheme has not been over-exposed to the industries

worst affected by COVID-19 and as a result management have not made any additional adjustments to any estimates or valuations.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits with banks and highly liquid financial assets with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value. Cash and cash equivalents are used by the Scheme in the management of short-term commitments.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT PRINCIPLES

Financial instruments comprise financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, receivables, cash and cash equivalents, payables, and distributions payable.

The Scheme can invest into a variety of assets, including listed Australian equities, unit trusts and derivative contracts. Generally, valuation information is obtained from third-party industry standard service providers to ensure that the most recent security prices are obtained. The prices used to value investments include, but are not limited to:

- independent prices obtained for each security;
- quoted 'bid' prices on securities; and
- redemption prices published by the relevant Responsible Entity, for investments into unlisted unit trusts.

For certain investments, prices cannot be obtained from the above sources. In these instances, valuations obtained from service providers are estimated through the use of valuation models which are consistent with accepted industry practice and incorporate the best available information regarding assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the assets or liabilities. Irrespective of the method used by third-party industry standard service providers to obtain valuations, prices achieved in actual transactions may be different.

Classification

On initial recognition a financial asset is classified as measured at amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss, or fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss.

Recognition and initial measurement

A financial instrument is recognised when the Scheme becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date (i.e. the date the Scheme commits itself to purchase or sell the asset).

Measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. All other financial instruments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any recognised impairment.

Financial liabilities arising from redeemable units issued by the Scheme are carried at the redemption amount representing the unitholders' rights to the residual interest in the Scheme's assets, effectively the fair value at the reporting date.

Derecognition

The Scheme derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and

rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Scheme neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset that is derecognised) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Scheme is recognised as a separate asset or liability. The Scheme derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

Impairment of financial assets held at amortised cost

AASB 9 requires an 'expected credit loss' model to apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt instruments, but not equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss. The financial assets at amortised cost consists of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Derivative financial instruments

In accordance with the Investment Mandate, the Scheme may invest in derivative financial instruments to gain or hedge exposure to equities, interest rates or foreign currencies. Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables are carried at amortised cost and may include accrued income and other receivables such as Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC). Unsettled sales are amounts due from brokers for securities sold that have not been received at reporting date. Trades are recorded on trade date and normally settle within two business days.

PAYABLES

Payables are carried at amortised cost and may include amounts for unsettled purchases, accrued expenses and other payables such as GST and redemption monies owing by the Scheme. Unsettled purchases are amounts due to brokers for securities purchased that have not been paid at reporting date. Trades are recorded on trade date and normally settle within two business days. Accrued expenses include management fees payable.

DISTRIBUTIONS PAID AND PAYABLE

In accordance with the Constitution, the Scheme fully distributes its net income to unitholders. The distributions are determined by reference to the net taxable income of the Scheme. Distributable income includes capital gains arising from the disposal of investments. Unrealised gains and losses are transferred to net assets attributable to unitholders and are not assessable or distributable until realised. Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained to be offset against any future realised capital gains. Distributions paid and payable to unitholders are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as 'Finance costs'.

Responsible Entities of eligible MITs who elect into the new attribution managed investment trust (AMIT) regime are required to calculate the income entitlements of unitholders on an 'attribution' basis, which will be reflected in the AMIT member annual (AMMA) statement. The AMMA statement (previously the tax statement) is provided to each person or entity who received a distribution from the Scheme during the income year. This event has no impact on the classification of net assets attributable to unitholders as liabilities in the financial statements.

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

Change in net assets attributable to unitholders may consist of realised net capital losses and unrealised increments and decrements arising from fluctuations in the value of investments. They are included in the determination of distributable income when assessable for taxation purposes.

REVENUE

Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as it accrues. Interest income is recognised on a gross basis, including withholding tax. Interest is measured using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend income

Income distributions from other managed investment schemes are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as dividend income in accordance with the declaration set out in their Constitutions.

In some cases, the Scheme may receive or choose to receive distributions in the form of additional units rather than cash. In such cases the Scheme recognises the distribution income with a corresponding increase in investments.

INCOME TAX

Under current income tax legislation, the Scheme is not liable to pay income tax as the net income of the Scheme is assessable in the hands of the beneficiaries (the unitholders). The income of the Scheme is to be attributed to unitholders in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution which requires the distribution of the net accounting income for the year.

Deferred taxes have not been recognised in the financial statements in relation to differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, including taxes on capital gains which could arise in the event of a sale of investments for the amount at which they are stated in the financial statements. In the event that taxable gains are realised by the Scheme, these gains would be included in the taxable income that is assessable in the hands of the unitholders as noted above.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained within the Scheme to be offset against any realised capital gains. The benefit of any carried forward capital losses are also not recognised in the financial statements. If in any period realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, including those carried forward from earlier periods and eligible for offset, the excess is included in taxable income that is assessable in the hands of unitholders in that period and is distributed to unitholders in accordance with the requirements of the Scheme's Constitution.

NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

In accordance with AASB 132, unitholders' funds are classified as a financial liability and disclosed as such in the Statement of Financial Position, being referred to as 'Net assets attributable to unitholders'. The units can be put back to the Scheme at any time for cash equal to the proportionate share of the Scheme's net asset values. The value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the Statement of Financial Position date if unitholders exercised their right to put the units back to the Scheme. Changes in the value of this financial liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

EXPENSES

All expenses, including management fees, are recognised in the profit or loss on an accruals basis.

STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ON ISSUE BUT NOT YET ADOPTED

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2021 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Scheme.

NOTE 2 – INTEREST INCOME

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Bank interest	-	1
Total interest income	-	1

NOTE 3 – DIVIDEND INCOME

Dividend income from securities designated at fair value through profit or loss	12,126	4,223
Total dividend income	12,126	4,223

NOTE 4 – NET CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Unrealised gain/(loss) arising on financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	44,267	(9,287)
Realised gain/(loss) arising on the disposal of investments	178	(1,116)
Net change in fair value of financial assets	44,445	(10,403)

NOTE 5 – ISSUED UNITS

Each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Scheme per the Constitution. Zero class units are issued to other Schemes managed by the Responsible Entity and the Australian Ethical Retail Superannuation Fund (AERSF) and are not charged a Responsible Entity fee. All other rights attached to zero class units are the same as those of the other classes.

	2021	2020
	Units	Units
Retail class		
On issue at beginning of period	1,914,604	1,940,337
Issued	1,414,457	698,240
Transferred to other classes	(1,171,901)	(437,276)
Redeemed	(199,191)	(286,697)
On issue at period end	1,957,969	1,914,604
Wholesale class		
On issue at beginning of period	23,588,942	22,330,979
Issued	4,251,466	5,186,335
Transferred from other classes	1,168,344	436,164
Redeemed	(3,054,583)	(4,364,536)
On issue at period end	25,954,169	23,588,942
Zero class		
On issue at beginning of period	68,710,066	62,698,025
Issued	11,739,751	9,877,088
Redeemed	(1,907,953)	(3,864,967)
On issue at period end	78,541,864	68,710,066

NOTE 6 – NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

The Scheme manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Scheme is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Scheme's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Scheme's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interest of the unitholders.

The objective of the Scheme is to provide unitholders with returns in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement. The Scheme aims to deliver income and capital appreciation through investing in Australian and international equities. The Scheme is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	165,046	161,182
Issued	32,011	23,997
Distributions reinvested	3,480	5,495
Redeemed	(10,116)	(15,222)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	45,261	(10,406)
Net assets attributable to unitholders	235,682	165,046

NOTE 7 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at bank	421	196
Total cash and cash equivalents	421	196

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Cash includes cash at bank and cash on deposit.

NOTE 8 – RECEIVABLES

Dividends and distributions	10,563	2,172
GST	12	8
Total receivables	10,575	2,180

NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Designated at fair value through profit or loss			
Unit trusts			
Unlisted Australian Ethical trusts		233,689	164,579
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	15	233,689	164,579

The Scheme's accounting policy on fair value measurements is disclosed in Note 1.

NOTE 10 – PAYABLES

Management fees	11	6
Total payables	11	6

NOTE 11 – DISTRIBUTIONS PAID AND PAYABLE

Interim distribution paid	1,788	1,854
Distributions payable	8,992	1,903
Total distributions paid and payable	10,780	3,757

The Scheme paid interim distributions to the classes as follows:

- Retail class of 0.57 (December 2019: 0.69) cents per unit;
- Wholesale class of 1.32 (December 2019: 1.49) cents per unit; and
- Zero class of 2.04 (December 2019: 2.21) cents per unit.

The year end distributions payable are as follows:

- Retail class of 6.29 (June 2020: 0.33) cents per unit;
- Wholesale class of 7.63 (June 2020: 1.31) cents per unit; and
- Zero class of 8.77 (June 2020: 2.31) cents per unit.

The prior year final distribution of \$1,903,120 was paid in July 2020.

NOTE 12 – AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Audit and tax fees in relation to the Scheme are paid directly by the Responsible Entity. During the year the following fees were paid or payable by the Responsible Entity for services in relation to the audit of the Scheme.

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Financial statements audit fees	10,483	10,379
Compliance plan audit	4,673	4,627
Tax compliance service	4,164	4,164
Total auditor's remuneration	19,320	19,170

NOTE 13 – RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Net profit/(loss) from operating activities	56,041	(6,649)
Adjustments for:		
Net realised (gain)/loss on disposal of investments	(178)	1,116
Net unrealised (gain)/loss on revaluation of investments	(44,267)	9,287
Dividends reinvested	(12,126)	(4,223)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(4)	1
Increase in payables	5	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	(529)	(468)

Non-cash financing and investing activities

During the year dividends and distributions received totalling \$12,126,046 (2020: \$4,223,456) were reinvested for additional units.

During the year income distributions totalling \$3,479,871 (2020: \$5,495,163) were reinvested by unitholders for additional units in the Scheme.

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Australian Ethical Investment Limited (AEIL), as Responsible Entity of each Scheme, provides investment services for the Scheme in accordance with each Scheme's Constitution. Transactions with the Responsible Entity are undertaken on commercial terms and conditions.

The Scheme does not employ personnel in its own right. However, it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Scheme, and this is considered the key management personnel.

The following persons were Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise indicated:

- John McMurdo, Managing Director and CEO
- Kate Greenhill
- Stephen Gibbs
- Mara Bun
- Michael Monaghan
- Julie Orr

Some of the Directors indirectly hold units in the Scheme through a superannuation fund.

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Scheme, directly and indirectly during or since the end of the financial year.

The Responsible Entity earns fees for the management and administration of the Scheme. Responsible Entity fees charged for the year were as follows:

- 1.90% for the retail class reduced to 1.39% effective 1 June 2021 (2020: 1.90%);
- 0.95% for the wholesale class (2020: 0.95%); and
- Nil for the zero class (2020: Nil).

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Management fees	530	470

Fees earned by the Responsible Entity are net of any non-reclaimable GST. Fees payable to the Responsible Entity at 30 June 2021 were \$10,955 (2020: \$6,696) and are included in payables.

Australian Ethical Superannuation Pty Ltd (ABN 43 079 259 733), a subsidiary of AEIL, is the Trustee of the Australian Ethical Retail Superannuation Fund (AERSF). Transactions with the AERSF are undertaken on commercial terms and conditions.

Parties related to the Scheme held units in the Scheme (zero class) as follows:

	Units held opening	Units held closing	Interest held	Units acquired	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme
30 June 2021	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
Australian Ethical Retail Super Fund	120,551,257	173,907,394	73.89	20,227,514	8,353,996

	Units held opening	Units held closing	Interest held	Units acquired	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme
30 June 2020	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
Australian Ethical Retail Super Fund	116,358,053	120,551,257	73.04	11,837,164	3,071,668

Distributions paid/payable to related parties represent those distributions that accrued during the current financial year.

The Scheme held an investment in a related party as follows:

	Units held opening	Units held closing	Interest held	Units acquired	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme
30 June 2021	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
Australian Ethical Diversified Shares Fund	164,389,547	233,688,950	13.35	24,665,052	12,126,046

	Units held opening	Units held closing	Interest held	Units acquired	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme
30 June 2020	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
Australian Ethical Diversified Shares Fund	160,251,968	164,389,547	13.49	14,730,682	4,224,457

Distributions paid to the Scheme represent those distributions that accrued during the current financial year.

NOTE 15 – FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Responsible Entity recognises that risk is part of doing business and that the ongoing management of risk is critical to its success. The approach to managing risk is articulated in the Risk Management Strategy and the Risk Appetite Statement. The Chief Risk Officer is responsible for the design and maintenance of the risk and compliance framework, establishing and maintaining group wide risk management policies, and providing regular risk reporting to the Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee (ARC). The Board regularly monitors the overall risk profile of the Responsible Entity and sets the risk appetite, usually in conjunction with the annual planning process.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that management has appropriate processes in place for managing all types of risk. To assist in providing ongoing assurance and comfort to the Board, responsibility for risk management oversight has been delegated to the ARC. The main functions of the ARC are to identify emerging risks, determine treatment and monitor current and emerging risks. In addition, the ARC is responsible for seeking assurances from management that:

- the systems and policies in place to assist the Responsible Entity to meet and monitor its risk management responsibilities contain appropriate, up-to-date content and are being maintained;
- the Responsible Entity is complying with its Licences, and the regulatory requirements relevant to its roles as fund manager; and
- there is a structure, methodology and timetable in place for monitoring material service providers.

The Scheme is exposed to a variety of financial risks from investments in financial instruments, including operational risk, market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. This note presents information about the Scheme's exposure to each of the above risks, the Scheme's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks and the management of unitholder funds.

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	421	196
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	233,689	164,579
Receivables	10,575	2,180
Total assets	244,685	166,955
Financial liabilities		
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>		
Payables	11	6
Distribution payable	8,992	1,903
Net assets attributable to unitholders	235,682	165,046
Total liabilities	244,685	166,955

(b) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Scheme's activities with financial instruments, either internally within the Scheme or externally at the Scheme's service providers.

The Scheme's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to investors.

This responsibility is supported by the development of overall standards for the management of operational risk, which encompasses the controls and processes at the service providers and the establishment of service levels with the service providers, in the following areas:

- requirements for:
 - appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
 - reconciliation and monitoring of transactions; and
 - periodic assessment of operational risk faced;
- documentation of controls and procedures;
- the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- development of contingency plans;
- training and professional development;
- ethical and business standards; and
- risk mitigation, including insurance.

Assessment of the adequacy of the controls and processes in place at the service providers with respect to operational risk is carried out via regular discussions, monthly/quarterly KPI's, incident reporting, monitoring visits and a review of the service providers' Controls Reports (GS007) on internal controls.

Investment administration of the Scheme is conducted by National Australia Bank Limited Asset Servicing (NAS). Prior to NAS, investment administration of the Scheme was conducted by Australian Ethical Investment Limited. All of the assets of the Scheme are held by external custodian, NAS. The Responsible Entity conducts oversight on the investment administration services provided by NAS and monitors the credit ratings and capital adequacy of its custodian.

(c) Financial risk management objectives

The Scheme is exposed to a number of risks due to the nature of its activities as further set out in its Product Disclosure Statement. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Scheme's objective in managing these risks is the protection and enhancement of unitholder value.

The Scheme's risk management policies are approved by the Responsible Entity and seek to minimise the potential adverse effects of these risks on the Scheme's financial performance. The risk management system is an ongoing process of identification, measurement, monitoring and controlling risk.

The Responsible Entity Board oversee the processes which govern the investment of money of the Scheme for which Australian Ethical Investment Limited is the Responsible Entity. The Board bears primary responsibility for the oversight of processes for the management of the above financial risks. It meets on a regular basis to analyse financial risk exposure and to evaluate management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts.

(d)(i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, and this will affect the Scheme's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk comprises three types of risk: foreign exchange (currency risk), market interest rates (interest rate risk) and market prices (price risk). The portfolio manager manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Scheme in accordance with an investment mandate set out in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement. The Scheme's investment mandate is to invest in a diversified portfolio of Australian and international companies and may also invest in derivative instruments such as futures and options. This is largely achieved through investment in the Australian Ethical Diversified Shares Fund. There has been no change to the Scheme's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

(d)(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the Scheme's financial performance will be adversely affected by fluctuations in interest rates.

The Scheme's interest rate risk is managed on a daily basis by the portfolio managers in accordance with the defined investment process and within the guidelines and restrictions outlined in the Scheme's investment mandate. The Scheme is monitored for mandate compliance. Where the interest rate risk exposure moves outside the Scheme's mandate restrictions or guidelines, the portfolio managers will rebalance the portfolios.

The Scheme's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in liquidity risk (see Note 15(f)).

Management has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to the Scheme's exposure to interest rate risk at balance sheet date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and net assets attributable to unitholders which could result from a change in interest rates by 0.5% (2020: 1%). In the analysis it is assumed that the amount of financial assets exposed to fluctuations in interest rates as at balance sheet date is representative of balances held throughout the financial year. No other flow on effects of fluctuations in interest rates have been taken into account.

At balance date, the effect on profit and net assets attributable to unitholders as a result of changes in the interest rate with all other variables remaining constant, would be as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Increase in interest rate by 0.5% (2020: 1% increase)	2	2
Decrease in interest rate by 0.5% (2020: 1% decrease)	(2)	(2)

(d)(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the total value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Scheme has investments in unlisted schemes which exposes it to indirect price risk. The investment manager manages the Scheme's market price risk on a daily basis in accordance with the Scheme's investment objectives and policies.

The Scheme's portfolio managers aim to manage the impact of market price risk through the use of consistent and carefully considered investment guidelines. Risk management techniques are used in the selection of investments. Investments (including derivatives) are only purchased when they meet investment criteria.

As the majority of the Scheme's financial instruments are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, all changes in market conditions will directly affect investment income.

Management has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to the Scheme's exposure to price risk (i.e. redemption value for investments in unlisted trusts) at the balance sheet date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on current year results and net assets attributable to unitholders which could result from a change in market prices of 10% (2020: 10%). In the analysis it is assumed that the amount of financial assets exposed to fluctuations in market prices as at the balance sheet date is representative of balances held throughout the financial year. No other flow on effects or fluctuations in fair value have been taken into account.

At balance date, the effect on net assets attributable to unitholders and the change in net assets attributable to unitholders as a result of changes in market and redemption prices with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Increase in market and redemption prices by 10%	23,369	16,458
Decrease in market and redemption prices by 10%	(23,369)	(16,458)

As the impact of COVID-19 continues to reverberate around the globe, managing emerging risks has been at the forefront of the Responsible Entity Board and Senior Leadership Team.

A change in the economic environment may have an impact on the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders. A heightening in the spread of COVID-19 and any government response, may result in the suspension of unit pricing where information is not available to properly price units, or where pricing units using available information may result in inequity between unitholders.

The COVID-19 impact going forward is unclear in terms of business disruption and the economic environment, however the Scheme has measures in place to manage and respond to the risk as the situation evolves.

(e) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss from a counterparty failing to meet its contractual commitments. The Scheme is predominately exposed to credit risk through its deposits at banks and trade and other receivables.

The Scheme's policy over credit risk is to minimise its exposure to counterparties, holding cash and cash equivalents at financial institutions with a credit rating of 'A' or higher and settling trades (within two business days) and other receivables (normally within a month).

At the balance sheet date, all cash was held with National Australia Bank, which carries a Standard & Poor's rating of AA- at 30 June 2021 (2020: AA-).

No financial assets carried at amortised cost were past due or impaired at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

The maximum credit risk exposure is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the relevant financial asset in the Statement of Financial Position.

The table below details the maximum exposure to credit risk for the assets held by the Scheme.

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	421	196
Receivables	10,575	2,180
Total credit risk	10,996	2,376

(f) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Scheme will encounter difficulty in realising assets or otherwise raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments.

The Scheme is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Therefore, the approach to managing liquidity is for the Scheme to invest a significant portion of their funds in financial instruments which under normal market conditions are readily convertible into cash. As a result, there is a risk that the Scheme may not be able to liquidate all of these investments at their fair value in order to meet its liquidity requirements. In the event of significant redemptions, the Scheme has the ability to suspend redemptions until it can realise investments to meet the redemptions.

All payables of the Scheme are classed as normal operating obligations and are to be paid within one month of balance date.

The table below details the financial instrument composition and maturity analysis.

	Weighted average interest rate %	2021				Total \$'000
		0-3 months \$'000	3 months to 1 year \$'000	1 to 5 years \$'000	5+ years \$'000	
Variable interest bearing assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	0.05	421	-	-	-	421
Non-interest bearing						
Receivables	n/a	10,575	-	-	-	10,575
Financial assets	n/a	233,689	-	-	-	233,689
Total financial assets		244,685	-	-	-	244,685
Non-interest bearing						
Payables	n/a	11	-	-	-	11
Distribution payable	n/a	8,992	-	-	-	8,992
Amounts payable to unitholders	n/a	235,682	-	-	-	235,682
Total financial liabilities		244,685				244,685

		2020				Total
	Weighted average interest rate %	0-3 months \$'000	3 months to 1 year \$'000	1 to 5 years \$'000	5+ years \$'000	\$'000
Variable interest bearing assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	0.56	196	-	-	-	196
Non-interest bearing						
Receivables	n/a	2,180	-	-	-	2,180
Financial assets	n/a	164,579	-	-	-	164,579
Total financial assets		166,955	-	-	-	166,955
Non-interest bearing						
Payables	n/a	6	-	-	-	6
Distribution payable	n/a	1,903	-	-	-	1,903
Amounts payable to unitholders	n/a	165,046	-	-	-	165,046
Total financial liabilities		166,955	-	-	-	166,955

(g) Fair values

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level 1: Using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This category includes instruments valued using quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active or other valuation techniques.

2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Designated at fair value through profit or loss				
Unit trusts				
Unlisted Australian Ethical trusts	-	233,689	-	233,689
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	233,689	-	233,689

2020				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Designated at fair value through profit or loss				
Unit Trusts				
Unlisted Australian Ethical trusts	-	164,579	-	164,579
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	164,579	-	164,579

The Scheme does not hold any Level 1 and 3 assets. During the year there were no transfers between levels.

CARRYING AMOUNTS VERSUS FAIR VALUE

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying amounts in the Statement of Financial Position.

NOTE 16 - INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED STRUCTURED ENTITIES

The table below describes the type of unconsolidated structured entity that the Scheme does not consolidate but in which it holds an interest. The Scheme has concluded that the unlisted investment scheme below meets the definition of a structured entity because:

- The voting rights in the scheme are not dominant rights in deciding who controls it as they relate to administrative tasks only;
- The scheme's activities are restricted by its Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement; and
- The scheme has narrow and well-defined objectives to provide investment opportunities.

Type of structured entity	Nature and purpose	Interest held by the Scheme
Investment scheme	To pool investors' savings and invest in a diversified portfolio of securities.	Investments in units issued by the scheme

	Fair value as at		Ownership interest	
	30-Jun-21 \$	30-Jun-20 \$	30-Jun-21 %	30-Jun-20 %
Investment scheme				
Australian Ethical Diversified Shares Fund	233,688,950	164,579,358	13.35	13.49

The above investment scheme is incorporated in Australia.

The maximum exposure or loss is limited to the total fair value of the investment as at the reporting date. The fair value of the exposure will change on a daily basis throughout the period and in the subsequent periods will cease once the investments are disposed. The unconsolidated structured entity is managed in accordance with the investment strategy of underlying investment manager. The investment decisions of the Scheme are based on the analysis conducted by the investment manager. The return of the Scheme is exposed to the variability of the performance of the underlying investment strategy.

The Scheme does not have current commitments or intentions or a contractual obligation to provide financial or other support to the unconsolidated structured entity and has no intention of providing financial or other support.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingent assets or liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

NOTE 18 - EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING DATE

As the investments in the Scheme are measured at their 30 June 2021 fair values in the financial report, any volatility in values subsequent to the balance date is not reflected in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income or the Statement of Financial Position. However, the current value of investments is reflected in the current unit price.

Management continue to monitor the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic in Australia and have assessed that there are no changes required to the financial statements subsequent to the end of the financial year.

During the period between the end of the financial year and the date of this report, there were no items, transactions or events of a material and unusual nature likely in the opinion of the Responsible Entity, to significantly affect the operations of the Scheme, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Scheme in future financial years.

From 1 October 2021, the Scheme will be renamed as the Australian Ethical High Growth Fund. There will also be some changes to the Scheme's investment strategy, most notably that the scheme will start to invest in additional growth assets such as alternatives and unlisted property. The Scheme will continue to be classified as high growth and its risk/return profile remains unchanged. The retail class fee was reduced on 1 June 2021 and the wholesale class fee will reduce to 0.90% from 1 October 2021. The Responsible Entity's advocacy work will continue at a corporate level.

Directors' Declaration

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Australian Ethical Advocacy Fund (the "Scheme):

- a) The annual financial statements and notes that are set out on pages 12 to 36 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i. Giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - ii. Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts when they become due and payable.
- c) The Scheme has operated during the year in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The Directors draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements which contains a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited.



John McMurdo
Managing Director
Australian Ethical Investment Limited
21 September 2021

Independent Auditor's Report



Independent Auditor's Report

To the unitholders of Australian Ethical Advocacy Fund

Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of the Australian Ethical Advocacy Fund (the Scheme).

In our opinion, the accompanying **Financial Report** of the Scheme is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including

- giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021, and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** comprises

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021;
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, Statement of changes in equity, and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies; and
- Directors' Declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the relevant ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Australian Ethical Advocacy Fund's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Directors' Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

KPMG

Andrew Reeves
Partner

Sydney
21 September 2021